

LAND UTILIZATION AND AGRICULTURAL PLANNING IN JIND DISTRICT (HARYANA).

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Introduction:

The study of land utilization has occupied a great significance in the economic planning, particularly in agriculture sphere of a nation. For a big country like India, which is already overpopulated and totally dependent on the agriculture. In the both economic and social spheres, this land utilization has got more importance than any other aspect of planning or the development of the nation. The importance of land utilization and agricultural planning has already been demonstrated in great Britain by Late Professor L. Dudley Stamp in 1930.



Site & Situation:-

Geographically Jind District is situated in the central part of Haryana State which is situated in the Indo-genetic plain of Northern India. Due to its geographical situation, in northern plain of India the Jind District is a plain region and the sort of this district is fertile & productive. Jind District lies between 29°03' to 29°50' North parallels of Latitudes and 75°53' to 76°47' East Meridians of Longitude. On its North-West is the Punjab State; on its West is Hisar District; on its East is Kaithal & Karnal District. The height of Jind District above the sea level is extended over 112 Km from North to South & 70 Km from East to West. The surface of Jind District is plain which is made of river deposits.

As per statistical abstract of Haryana 2014 the total area of Jind District is 2702 Kms or 278000 hectares. There are four Tehsils i.e. Jind, Narwana, Safidon & Julana and seven development blocks i.e. Narwana, Uchana, Jind, Julana, Alewa, Pilukhera & Safidon in Jind District. There are 307 villages & 300 Gram Panchayats in this District. The total population of Jind District according to the census 2011 was 13,34,152 persons, out of which 7,13,006 were males and 6,21,146 were females. The density of population was 494 persons per Km². The total area of Jind District is 2702km² or 278000 hectares. Out of this area, 236000 hectares of land i.e. 99.2% is irrigated. The total culturable land or net area sown of Jind District is 238000 hectares, out of this 236000 hectares of land is irrigated. It means 99.2% land of net area sown is irrigated. In this way Jind District is very rich in irrigation facilities as compared to the other Districts of Haryana. The main sources of irrigation in Jind District are canals and tubewells only.

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